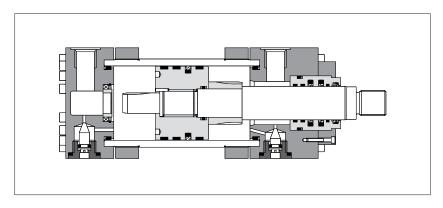


Hydraulic cylinders type CH - big bore sizes

to ISO 6020-3 - nominal pressure 16 MPa (160 bar) - max 25 MPa (250 bar)



SWC Cylinders Designer

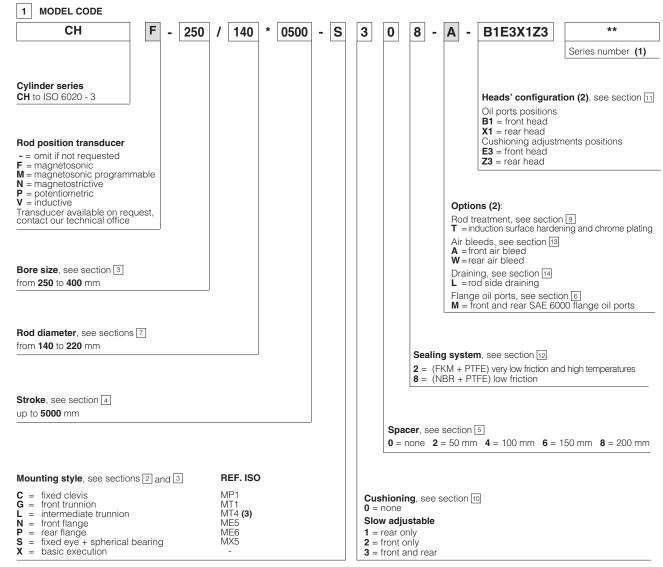
Software for assisted selection of Atos cylinders & servocylinders codes, including cylinder's sizing, full technical information, 2D & 3D drawings in several CAD formats.

Available for download at www.atos.com

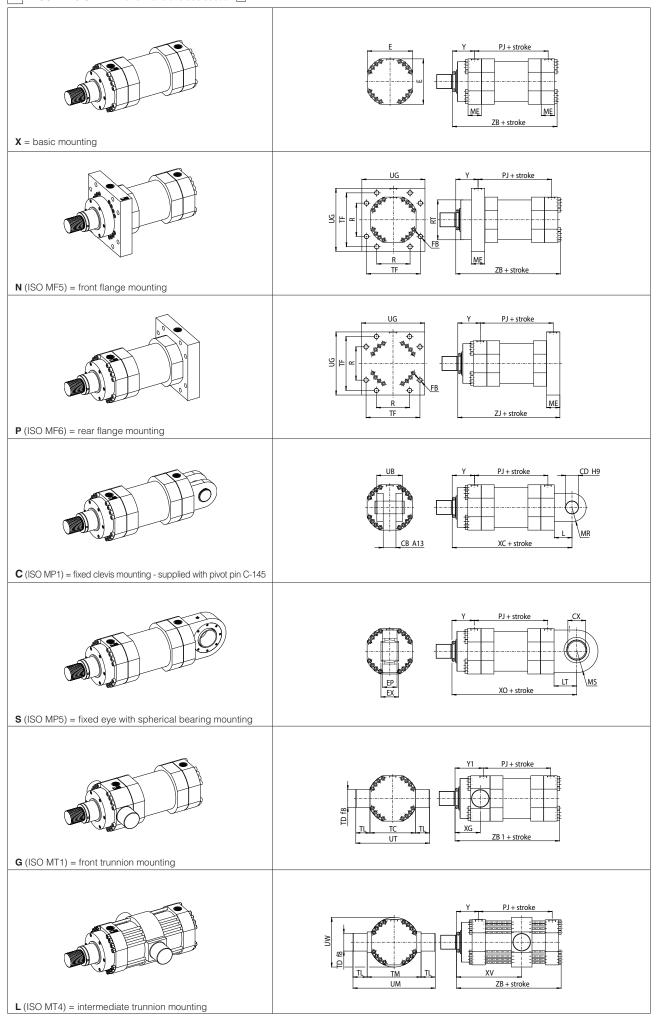
CH big bore cylinders have engineered double acting construction, designed to suit the requirements of industrial applications: top reliability, high performances and long working life.

- Bore sizes from 250 to 400 mm
- Strokes up to 5000 mm
- 7 standard mounting styles
- 2 seals options
- 3 piston guides for overload
- Adjustable cushioning
- Optional built-in position transducer, see tab. B310
- Attachments for rods and mounting styles, see tab. B500

For cylinder's choice and sizing criteria see tab. B015



- (1) For spare parts request indicate the series number printed on the nameplate only for series < 20
- (2) To be entered in alphabetical order
- (3) XV dimension must be indicated in the model code, see section 3

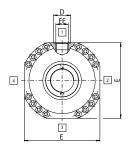


3 INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS [mm] - see figures in section 2

			_	
ø	Bore	250	320	400
Ø	Rod	140	180	220
B f9	(4)	163	205	245
СВ	A13	90	110	140
CD	-l9	90	110	140
CX	H7	125	160	200
D (1)	1	58	58	69
E (2)	max	320	400	500
EE (1)	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	G 2
EP		102	130	162
EX		125	160	200
F ma	ıx (4)	75	75	75
FB	(-)	30	36	45
L m	in	125	152	195
LT		160	200	250
ME		94	114	140
MR		100	120	160
MS		160	200	250
	3) [Nm]	350	680	1060
PJ ±	1,5 (6)	218	252	320
R js		235	283	340
RD f	8 (4)	280	325	380
тс	h14	320	400	500
TD f	8	125	160	200
TF		380	472	588
TL js	s13	100	125	160
TM I	n14	380	485	605
UB		180	220	280
UG	nax	445	549	683
UM	ref	580	735	925
UT r	ef	520	650	820
uw	max	480	600	750
VD (4)	8	8	8
VE n	nax (4)	83	83	83
WF	±2	110	110	110
XC :	±1,5 (6)	545	627	775
XG :	±2 (6)	178	195	215
хо	±1,5 (6)	580	675	830
N :	style L minimun stroke	20	35	26
(V (5)	min	275	312	358
2 (6)	max	255+stroke	273+stroke	332+stroke
Y ±2	(6)	157	167	180
Y1 ±	2 (6)	199	223	260
ZB	nax (6)	460	520	625
ZB1	max (6)	505	580	685
ZJ ±	1 (6)	420	475	580

NOTES TO TABLE 3

(1) **D, EE** - Oil ports and drain are threaded according to GAS standard with counterbore dimension **D** according to ISO 1179-1 (see figure below)



- (2) E If not otherwise specified in the figures in section 2, this value is the front and rear round heads dimension for all the mounting styles (see figure above)
- (3) MT Screws tightening torque. Mounting screws must be to a minimum strength of ISO 898/2 grade 12.9
- (4) See figures in section [7]
- (5) XV For cylinders with mounting style L the stroke must always exceed the minimum values reported in the table. The requested XV value must be included between XV min and XV max and it must be always indicated, with dimension in millimeters, together with the cylinder code. See the following example:

CH - 250 / 140 * 0500 - L308 - A - B1E3X1Z3 **XV = 300**

(6) The tolerance is valid for strokes up to 1250 mm, for longer strokes the upper tolerance is given by the max stroke tolerance in section [4]

4 STROKE SELECTION

Stroke has to be selected a few mm longer than the working stroke, to prevent to use the cylinder heads as mechanical stroke-end. The table below shows the minimum stroke depending to the bore.

Minimum stroke [mm]

Ø Bore	250	320	400	
Minimum stroke	65	70	40	

Maximum stroke:

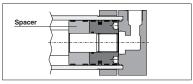
• 5000 mm

Stroke tolerances:

- 0 +2 mm for strokes up to 1250 mm
 0 +5 mm for strokes from 1250 to 3150 mm
- 0 +5 mm for strokes from 1250 to 3150 mr0 +8 mm for strokes over 3150 mm

5 SPACER

For strokes longer than 1000 mm, proper spacers have to be introduced in the cylinder's construction to increase the rod and piston guide and to protect them from overloads and premature wear. Spacers can be omitted for cylinders working in traction mode. The introduction of spacers increases the overall cylinder's dimensions: spacers' lenght has to be added to all stroke dependent dimensions in section 3.

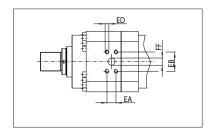


RECOMMENDED SPACERS [mm]

Stroke	1001 ÷ 1500	1501 ÷ 2000	2001 ÷ 2500	2501 ÷ 5000
Spacer code	2	4	6	8
Length	50	100	150	200

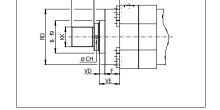
6 SAE 6000 FLANGE OIL PORTS - DIMENSIONS TO ISO 6162-2 [mm]

Ø Bore	DN	EA ±0,25	EB ±0,25	ED 6g	FF 0 / -1,5
250	38	36,5	79,3	M16	38
320	30	30,3	19,5	WIO	30
400	51	44,5	96,8	M20	51



7 ROD END DIMENSIONS [mm]

Ø Bore	250	320	400
Ø Rod	140	180	220
A	112	125	160
CH (*)	15	15	15
кк	M100x3	M125x4	M160x4



(*) n°2 holes per key

Note: for B, F, RD, VD, VE and WF dimensions see section 3

8 CYLINDER'S HOUSING FEATURES

The cylinder's housings are made in "hot rolled steel"; the internal surfaces are lapped: diameter tolerance H8, roughness Ra \leq 0,25 μ m.

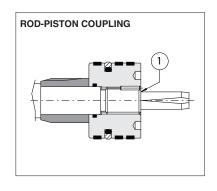
9 RODS FEATURES and options

The rods materials have high strength, which provide safety coefficients higher than 4 in static stress conditions, at maximum working pressure. The rod surface is chrome plated: diameter tolerances f7; roughness Ra \leq 0,25 μm . Corrosion resistance of 200h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS.

a Dad	Material	Rs min	Chrome		
ø Rod	Material	[N/mm²]	min thickness [mm]	hardness [HV]	
140	alloy-steel	450	0,020	850-1150	
180±220	carbon steel	360	0.045	630-1130	

The rod and piston are mechanically coupled by a threaded connection in which the thread on the rod is at least equal to the external thread KK, indicated in the table $\boxed{2}$. See **tab. B015** for the calculation of the expected rod fatigue life. The piston is screwed to the rod by a prefixed tightening torque in order to improve the fatigue resistance. The stop pin 1 avoids the piston unscrewing. **Contact our technical office** in case of heavy duty applications.

Rod hardness can be improved selecting the option T: T = Induction surface hardening and chrome plating (only for rod 140) \cdot 56-60 HRC (613-697 HV) hardness

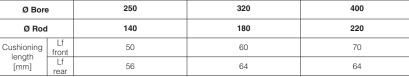


10 CUSHIONING

Cushioning are recommended for applications where: • the piston makes a full stroke with speed over than 0,05 m/s; • it is necessary to reduce undesirable noise and mechanical shocks; • vertical application with heavy loads. The stroke-end cushioning are hydraulic dampers specifically designed to dissipate the energy of the mass connected to the cylinder rod, by progressively increasing the pressure in the cushioning chamber and thus reducing the rod speed before the cylinder's mechanical stroke-end (see the graphics at side). The cylinder is provided with needle valve to optimize cushioning performances in different applications. The regulating screws are supplied fully screwed in (max cushioning effect). In case of high masses and/or very high operating speeds it is recommended to back them off to optimize the cushioning effect. The adjustment screw has a special design to prevent unlocking and expulsion. The cushioning effect is highly ensured even in case of variation of the fluid viscosity.

Ø Bore	•	250	320	400
Ø Rod	I	140	180	220
Cushioning length [mm]	Lf front	50	60	70
[mm]	Lf rear	56	64	64

Lf is the total cushioning lenght. When the stroke-end cushioning are used as safety devices, to mechanically preserve the cylinder and the system, it is advisable to select the cylinder's stroke longer than the operating one by an amount equal to the cushioning lenght Lf; in this way the cushioning effect does not influence the movement during the operating stroke during the operating stroke.

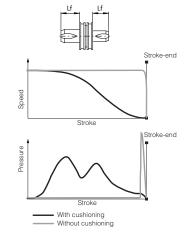






FRONT HEAD: B1 = oil port position; E3 = cushioning adjustment position REAR HEAD: X1 = oil port position; Z3 = cushioning adjustment position. The oil ports and cushioning adjustment positions are only available, respectively, on sides 1 and 3 (see the figure at side).

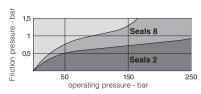
Example of model code: CH-250/140 *0100-S301 - A - B1E3X1Z3



12 SEALING SYSTEM FEATURES

The sealing system must be choosen according to the working conditions of the system: speed, operating frequencies, fluid type and temperature. Additional verifications about minimum in/out rod speed is warmly suggested, see tab. B015.

Special sealing system for low temperatures, high frequencies (up to 20 Hz), long working life and heavy duty are available, see tab. TB020. All the seals, static and dynamic, must be periodically replaced: proper spare kits are available, see section 18. Contact our technical office for the compatibility with other fluids not mentioned below and specify type and composition. See section 16 for fluid requirements. fluid requirements.



Sealing	iviateriai	Features	Max speed	Fluid temperature	Fluids compatibility	ISO Standar	
system			[m/s]	range		Piston	Rod
2	FKM + PTFE	very low friction and high temperatures	4	-20°C to 120°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFB, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U,HFD-R	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
8	PTFE + NBR	low friction	1	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2

13 AIR BLEEDS

CODES: **A** = front air bleed; **W** = rear air bleed

The air in the hydraulic circuit must be removed to avoid noise, vibrations and irregular cylinder's

motion: air bleed valves are recommended to realize this operation easily and safely. Air bleeds are positioned on side 3, see section [1]. For a proper use of the air-bleed (see figure on side) unlock the grub screw ① with a wrench for hexagonal head screws, bleed-off the air and retighten as indicated in table at side.

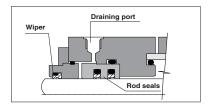
Ø Bore Screwing Tightening torque M8 x 10 20 Nm M12 x 20 30 Nm 320 - 400

14 DRAINING

CODE: **L** = rod side draining

The rod side draining reduces the seals friction and increases their reliability; it is mandatory for cylinders with strokes longer than 2000 mm, with rod side chamber constantly pressurized and for servocylinders.

The draining is positioned on the same side of the oil port, between the wiper and the rod seals (see figure at side). It is recommended to connect the draining port to the tank without backpressure. Draining port is G1/8.



15 FLUID REQUIREMENTS

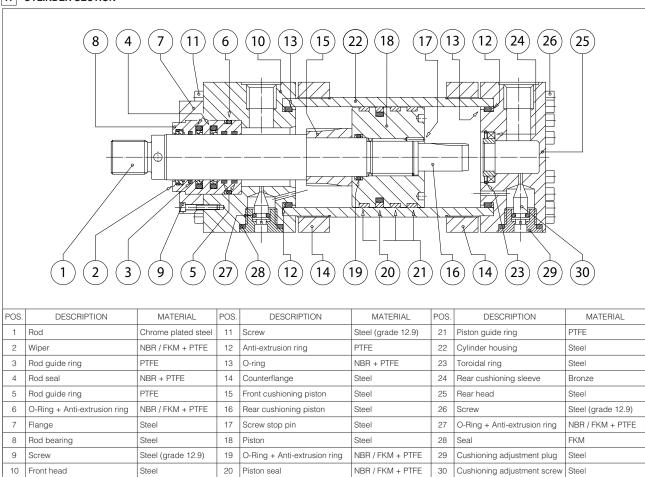
Cylinders and servocylinders are suitable for operation with mineral oils with or without additives (HH, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV), fire resistant fluids (HFA oil in water emulsion, 90-95% water and 5-10% oil; HFB water in oil emulsion, 40% water; HFC water glycol, max 45% water) and synthetic fluids (HFD-U organic esters, HFD-R phosphate esters). The fluid must have a viscosity within 15 and 100 mm²/s, a temperature within 0 and 70°C and fluid contamination class ISO 20/18/15 according to ISO 4406 NAS1638 class 9, see also filter section at www.atos.com or KTF catalog.

16 CYLINDERS MASSES [kg] (tolerance ± 5%)

			e rod				DITIONAL MASS mounting styles			
Ø Bore [mm]	Ø Rod [mm]	Stroke 100 mm	Each 100 mm more	Styles C, S	Style G	Style L	Styles N, P	Front cushioning	Rear cushioning	Each 50 mm spacer
250	140	324	27	55	9	110	83	8,5	19	28
320	180	485	41	82	16	160	142	11	27	44
400	220	902	71	155	34	360	275	17	45	72,4

Note: the masses related to the other options, not indicated in the table, don't have a relevant influence on the cylinder's mass

17 CYLINDER SECTION



18 SPARE PARTS - SEE TABLE SP-B160

Example for seals spare parts code

	G	8	-	СН	-	250	1	140
Sealing system								
Cylinder series								
Bore size [mm]								Rod diameter [mr